

Microsoft Dynamics GP

Year End Closing 2008



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Year-End Closing Procedures for General Ledger

Summary

This article outlines the recommended year-end closing procedures for Microsoft Dynamics GP and for Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains. This article contains a checklist of the steps in the procedure, detailed information for each step, and a series of frequently asked questions.

Introduction

Read this article before you follow any steps.

During the year-end closing routine, all the records that will be moved are put in a temporary table before they are moved to the GL30000 table. You must have free disk space that is equal to the size of the GL20000 table to perform the routine.

Year-End Closing Checklist

1.	Complete the posting procedures and the closing procedures for other modules. Note: This step is only required if General Ledger is integrated with other modules.
2.	Post the final adjusting entries in General Ledger.
3.	Print an account list to verify the posting type of each account.
4.	Close the last period of the fiscal year. Note: This step is optional.
5.	Optional: Perform file maintenance on the Financial series group of modules.
6.	Verify the settings in the General Ledger Setup window.
7.	Make a backup.
8.	Print a final Detailed Trial Balance Report.
9.	Print the Year-End Financial Statements.
10.	Set up a new fiscal year.

11. Close the fiscal year.
12. Close all the fiscal periods for all the series.
Note: This step is optional.
13. Adjust the budget figures for the new year, and then print the Financial Statements.
14. Make a backup.

Year-End Closing Detail

1. Complete the posting procedures and the closing procedures for other modules.

Only follow this step if General Ledger is integrated with other modules. If General Ledger is not integrated with other modules, skip this step.
 - a. Post final transactions in all the modules except in General Ledger.
 - b. Complete the month-end procedure and the quarter-end procedure for all the modules except for General Ledger.
 - c. Complete the year-end closing procedures for each module in the following order:
 1. Inventory
 2. Receivables Management
 3. Payables Management
 4. Fixed Asset Management

Note: Year-end procedures for Payroll are independent of the procedures in other modules. These procedures are always performed at the end of the calendar year.
2. Post the final adjusting entries in General Ledger.

The adjusting entries include all the entries that correct errors that were made when

transactions were recorded. The adjusting entries also include journal entries that are used to assign revenues or expenses to the period in which the revenues were earned or in which the expenses were incurred.

If you must make any adjusting entries to allocate revenue, expenses, or depreciation to the year that you are closing, use the Transaction Entry window or the Quick Journal Entry window to make adjusting entries in General Ledger.

If you have to track initial adjusting entries or post audit entries separate from other fiscal periods, auditing periods can be set up in General Ledger. This feature enables separate tracking of the adjusting entries that are made after the year is closed.

Note: If you are using closing periods and you reconcile, the transactions all move to the first period with the start date.

3. Print an account list to verify the posting type of each account.

The posting type determines whether an account is closed to the retained earnings account or whether an account brings a balance forward to the next fiscal year. If the account balance will be brought forward at the end of the year, the posting type must be set to **Balance Sheet**. If the account balance will be closed to a retained earnings account at the end of the year, the posting type must be set to **Profit and Loss**. Use the Account Maintenance window if you must change the posting type for an account.

Follow these steps to print an account list:

- | | |
|----|---|
| a. | On the Reports menu, point to Financial , and then click Account . |
| b. | In the Reports list, select All Accounts , and then click New . |
| c. | In the Option box, type all accounts . |
| d. | Click to select the Inactive Accounts check box. |
| e. | Click Destination to specify a report destination, and then click OK . |
| f. | Click Print . |

4. Close the last period of the fiscal year.

This step is optional.

You can use the Fiscal Periods Setup window to close all fiscal periods that are still open for the year. This prevents transactions from being posted to the wrong period or to the wrong year.

Notes

- Make sure that you post all the transactions for the period and for the year for all modules before you close the fiscal periods. Later, if you have to post transactions to a fiscal period that you already closed, you must return to the Fiscal Periods Setup window to reopen the period.
- If you use Microsoft FRx, keep one period in the most recent historical year open to prevent the following error message:
FRx Print Engine Failed to Load the Company Calendar.

5. Optional: Perform file maintenance on the Financial series group of modules.
Run the check links procedure on the Financial series group of modules.

6. Verify the settings in the General Ledger Setup window.
If you want to keep historical records, you must click to select the **Accounts** check box and the **Transactions** check box in the **Maintain History** area of the General Ledger Setup window. The account history lets you print financial statements and calculated budgets from historical information. The transaction history lets you print detailed historical trial balances. The transaction history also lets you view the transaction details. If these check boxes are selected, both the account history and the transaction history are updated during the year-end closing routine.

7. Make a backup.
Make a backup of all company data, and then put the backup in safe permanent storage. The backup gives you a permanent record of the company's financial position at the end of the year. The backup can then be restored later if it is required.

8. Print a final Detailed Trial Balance report.
Use the Trial Balance Report window to print a year-end Detailed Trial Balance report.
Note We recommend that you post all transactions for the period and for the year for all modules before you print the Detailed Trial Balance report. If you post additional transactions later, we recommend that you print a new Detailed Trial Balance report.

9. Print the year-end financial statements.

Print any year-end financial statements that are required. The most common financial statements include the following statements:

- Balance Sheet
- Profit and Loss Statement
- Statement of Cash Flows
- Statement of Retained Earnings

10. Set up a new fiscal year.

Before you can perform the year-end closing routine, you must set up a new fiscal year by using the Fiscal Periods Setup window.

11. Close the fiscal year.

To close the fiscal year, follow these steps:

a. Use the appropriate step:

- In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Tools** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, point to **Routines**, point to **Financial**, and then click **Year-End Closing**.
- In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 or in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0, point to **Routines** on the **Tools** menu, point to **Financial**, and then click **Year-End Closing**

b. Specify an account in the **Retained Earnings Account** box.

The account that you specify in the **Retained Earnings Account** box is the account to which the year's profit and loss accounts are closed. The default account is the account that you specified in the General Ledger Setup window.

All current-year earnings or current-year losses are transferred to the account that you specify in the **Retained Earnings Account** box. If you want to distribute the retained earnings for the year to more than one account, you can specify an allocation account to distribute the retained earnings amount to the appropriate accounts. For example, you could set up an allocation account to divide the earnings between several departments in the business.

Or, you could transfer the year's profit or loss to accounts that contain a specific account segment. This process is known as closing to a divisional retained earnings account.

c. Specify the number that you want to use as the first journal entry number for the next

fiscal year in the **Starting Journal Entry** box.

You can accept the default number. The default number is one more than the highest journal entry number that is posted for the current year. Or, you can specify a new number. The journal entry number that you specify is used as the journal entry number for the Year-End Closing report.

d. To start the routine, click **Close Year**.

Important: Click **Close Year** one time. If you click more than one time, you will close more than one year during the process. Also, if the progress window appears to stop at 50 percent, do not restart the routine. As long as the hard disk is processing, let the process continue.

If you are maintaining the account history, the year-end closing routine transfers all current-year information for each account in the chart of accounts to the account history. If you are maintaining the transaction history, the year-end closing routine also transfers all current-year information for each account in the chart of accounts to the transaction history. The process then prepares the accounting system for a new fiscal year. In addition to transferring current-year figures to the transaction history and to the account history, the year-end closing routine does the following:

- The year-end closing routine reconciles and summarizes the general ledger balances that accumulated throughout the year.
- The year-end closing routine removes accounts that are marked as inactive if the accounts match the criteria for deleting a posting account. Inactive accounts that have been set up as budget accounts can also be deleted if they have no activity for the year. These accounts can be deleted even if budget amounts from past years are associated with these accounts.
- The year-end closing routine moves all profit and loss account balances to the retained earnings account.
- The year-end closing routine summarizes balance sheet accounts and brings the balances forward as the beginning balances of the account in the new fiscal year.
- The year-end closing routine prints the Year-End Closing report.

When the year-end closing routine is complete, the Year-End Closing report is printed. This report lists the accounts that were closed and the transactions that were created to close those accounts. The Year-End Closing report is part of the audit trail. Save this report for the company's permanent records. The Year-End Closing report cannot be reprinted.

Note If you use Microsoft SQL Server, and if database maintenance is not automated, we recommend that you perform database maintenance after you close the year.

12. Close all the fiscal periods for all the series.

This step is optional.

After you complete the closing procedures for all the modules, use the Fiscal Periods Setup window to mark all the periods for all the series as closed. We recommend that you do this to prevent transactions from being posted from any module to any period that you closed. After a period is marked as closed, transactions cannot be posted to the period unless you reopen the period. Later, if you must post a transaction to a closed period, return to the Fiscal Periods Setup window to reopen the period.

13. Adjust the budget figures for the new year, and then print the financial statements.

Adjust the budget figures by using one of the following windows:

- Excel-Based Budgeting
- Budget Maintenance
- Single-Account Budget Maintenance

Print the "Profit and Loss" statement to verify that profit and loss accounts were closed to the retained earnings account. Print the balance sheet to verify that the balance sheet accounts indicate that the balances were brought forward.

If you are using Advanced Financial Analysis to print the financial statements, you must update the report layout to reflect the current fiscal year. To do this, follow these steps:

- a. On the **Reports** menu, point to **Financial**, and then click **Advanced Financial**.
- b. In the **Reports** list, select the financial statement, click **Open**, and then click **Layout**.
- c. Double-click the first column heading.
- d. If the column type is set to **Period Range**, to **Year-to-Date**, or to **Variable Year-to-Date**, select the current fiscal year in the **Year** list, and then click **OK**.
- e. Repeat steps 13a through 13d for each column of each report.

14. Make a backup.

Make a backup of all the company data, and then put the backup in safe permanent storage. The backup gives you a permanent record of the company's financial position at the start of the new year. This backup can be restored later if it is required.

Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)

Q1: Do I have to close the fiscal year before the first day of the next fiscal year?

A1: The year-end closing routine does not have to be completed before you start the next fiscal year. However, we recommend that you close the year as soon as possible.

Q2: Can I make adjusting entries after I close the year?

A2: You can post an entry to the most recent historical year if the **Posting to History** check box is selected in the General Ledger Setup window. If you post an entry to a closed year, a second entry is automatically made that updates the beginning balances for the current fiscal year.

The following tables show an adjusting entry and the way the entry appears in the posting journal.

Adjusting entry

12/25/2008	Administration Expenses	\$500	
	Cash		\$500

Posting journal

12/25/2008	Administration Expenses	\$500	
	Cash		\$500
12/31/2008	Retained Earnings	\$500	
	Cash		\$500

Q3: After I performed the year-end closing routine, beginning balances were brought forward for some of my sales and expense accounts. Some of my asset accounts also closed to the retained earnings account. Why did this problem occur, and what can I do to correct it?

A3: The posting type that is specified in the Account Maintenance window for the account determines whether a balance is brought forward for the account or whether the account is closed to the retained earnings account. Accounts that use the **Balance Sheet** posting type carry a balance forward. Accounts that use a **Profit and Loss** posting type close to the retained earnings account. To resolve this problem, restore from a backup, correct the posting type, and then run the year-end closing routine again.

Q4: I tried to run the year-end closing routine by using a divisional retained earnings account, but I received the following error message:

Retained Earnings account not found.

What can I do to resolve the problem that causes this error message?

A4: Before the routine can continue, the year-end closing routine must validate that all the required divisional retained earnings accounts exist. For example, the Fabrikam, Inc. demonstration company uses an account format of *nnn-nnnn-nn*. The first segment represents the department. A retained earnings account must exist for each department that has a profit and loss account. For example, if sales account 400-4100-00 exists, but no 400-*nnnn-nn* retained earnings account exists, you receive this error message

Q5: What happens to unit accounts during the year-end closing routine?

A5: Unit accounts are treated as balance sheet accounts. Unit accounts have a balance that is brought forward when the year is closed.

Q6: I am preparing to close the year in General Ledger. Must everyone exit Microsoft Dynamics GP or Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains before I perform the year-end routine?

A6: We recommend that client computer users stop work in Microsoft Dynamics GP or in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains while the year-end closing routine is processing. If users continue to work in the program, transactions may have to be entered again if problems occur during the year-end closing routine.

Q7: I want to allocate the net profit to the retained earnings account or to the capital accounts each month. Also, net profit is supposed to be allocated to three retained earnings accounts or capital accounts. Can I do this?

A7: No, you cannot do this. However, you can specify a non-financial account in the Account Maintenance window. Use a number that is not in your current account numbering scheme. This account acts as a suspense account for the net income or for the net loss. Every month, you can post an adjusting entry to the three capital accounts that you want to adjust. For the offset account, use the suspense account. When the year-end closing routine is finished, use the suspense account as the retained earnings account. This offsets all the manual adjustments that you made to the suspense account during the year. Make sure that the suspense account does not appear on reports.

If you are using Advanced Financial Analysis for financial statements, when you format the balance sheet, put the **NP** line as the last line on the Advanced Financial Analysis statement. Then, put a page break before the **NP** line. The balance sheet must have an **NP** line. However, this line makes the net income or the net loss appear two times. Therefore, format the **NP** line so that it is off the financial statement. You can also use a report type of **Other**.

Q8: Why is the status of some of my financial reports set to Invalid?

A8: If a report is configured to use the accelerator file, any changes that are made to accounts in any one of the following windows causes the status of the financial report printing options to change to **Invalid**:

- Account Maintenance

- Unit Account Maintenance
- Mass Modify Chart of Accounts
- Year-End Closing

Before you print financial statements, you must update the accelerator file. To do this, follow these steps:

- On the **Reports** menu, point to **Financial**, and then click **Update Financial Accelerator**.
- Click **Update**, and then click **Continue**.
- Close the Update Financial Accelerator Information window.

Q9: How are non-financial accounts closed during the year-end closing routine?

A9: If the non-financial account is configured to use the **Balance Sheet** posting type, the account balance is brought forward during the year-end closing routine. If the non-financial account is configured to use the **Profit and Loss** posting type, the account balance is closed to the retained earnings account during the year-end closing routine.

Q10: When I try to post a batch in the General Ledger module, I receive the following message:

Batches cannot be posted while the Year-End Close is in progress.

The year-end closing routine is not being run in General Ledger. What should I do?

A10: To resolve this issue, have all users close all transaction entry windows. Then, delete the SY00800 file if you are running a Microsoft SQL Server database. To do this, run the following statement on the DYNAMICS database.

```
delete SY00800 where BACHNUMB = 'GL_Close'
```

Q11: I receive the following message when I try to close the year in General Ledger:

Sorry, another user is closing the year.

No one else is trying to close the year. What should I do?

A11: To resolve this issue, delete the SY00800 file if you are using a Microsoft SQL Server database. To do this, run the following statement in SQL Query Analyzer on the DYNAMICS database.

```
delete SY00800 where BACHNUMB = 'GL_Close'
```

Q12: I am performing the year-end closing routine in General Ledger and it appears to be stopped at 50 percent. My workstation seems to have stopped responding. What should I do?

A12: If the year-to-date transaction open file (GL20000) is large, it may take a long time for the year-end closing routine to finish. If the hard disk is still processing, the year-end closing routine has not stopped responding. We recommend that you let the routine run. If the hard disk is not processing, we recommend that you restore from a backup. Then, follow the steps in this article again, starting at step 5.

Q13: If an adjusting entry has been posted to a year that is closed, can I print a corrected Trial Balance report for that year?

A13: Yes, you can print a corrected Trial Balance report for the year that is closed. To do this, follow these steps:

1.	On the Reports menu, point to Financial , click Trial Balance , and then click New .
2.	In the Option field, type With Adjustments .
3.	In the Include area, click to select the Posting Accounts check box.
4.	In the Year area, click to select the History check box, and then select the historical year in the Year list.
5.	Click Destination to specify a report destination, and then click OK .
6.	Click Print .

Q14: How do Microsoft Dynamics GP and Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains determine the financial statement that is printed for the account that I am adding?

A14: The category determines the type of financial statement that is printed when you use quick financial statements for the account that you are adding. The category is either the Balance Sheet category or the "Profit and Loss" category. You must format the reports to print the accounts that you want in Advanced Financial Analysis and in Microsoft FRx. The posting type is used during the year-end closing routine to determine the accounts that close to the retained earnings account and to determine the account that carries a balance forward. The posting type does not affect the financial statements.

Q15: When I tried to perform the year-end closing routine, I received an error message that stated that a single-use batch or a quick journal transaction had not been posted. What does this error message mean?

A15: When you try to perform the year-end closing routine, you may receive the following error message:

A single use batch or quick journal transaction has not been posted yet. Do you want to continue closing?

You receive this error message if an un-posted single-use batch or an un-posted quick journal transaction exists in General Ledger. This error message does not prevent you from continuing with the year-end closing routine. If you do not want to post the single-use batch or the quick journal transaction, continue with the year-end closing routine.

Q16: When I try to perform the year-end closing routine in General Ledger, why do I receive the following error message:

[Microsoft][ODBC SQL Server Driver][SQL Server]Violation of PRIMARY KEY constraint 'PK##0671112'. Cannot insert duplicate key in object '##0671112'

A16: The year-end closing transactions contain a currency that is not assigned to an account.

Year-End Closing Procedures for Inventory Control

INTRODUCTION

This article discusses how to close the year and how to prepare your inventory records for the new fiscal year in Inventory Control in Microsoft Dynamics GP and in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains.

SUMMARY

Follow these steps to close the year and to prepare your inventory records for the new fiscal year. Closing a year transfers all summarized current-year quantity (cost and sales amounts) to transaction history for the items for which you have been keeping a summarized Sales History. The Quantity Sold field for each item is set to zero. These steps also update the amount in each item's Beginning Quantity field to the Quantity on Hand field at each site.

Year End Closing Checklist

1.	Post all transactions for the year.
2.	Reconcile inventory quantities.
3.	Complete a physical inventory count, and then post any adjustments.
4.	Print additional reports.
5.	Make a backup.
6.	Close the year.
7.	Close the fiscal periods for the Inventory series (<i>optional</i>).
8.	Make a final backup.

Year End Closing Detail

1.	Post all transactions for the year. Make sure that all Invoicing transactions, Sales Order Processing transactions, and Inventory transactions for the current year have been entered and then posted before you close the year. This is true so that historical information is accurate for the year you are closing, and year-to-
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date amounts are accurately stated for the new year. If you want to enter future-period transactions before closing the year, create a new batch that has new transactions. However, do not post the batch until after the year has been closed.

2. Reconcile inventory quantities.

Reconcile quantities for all items by using the Reconcile Inventory Quantities window to make sure that your Inventory Control data has not become damaged during the year. To open the Reconcile Inventory Quantities window, follow one of these steps:

- In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Tools** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, point to **Utilities**, point to **Inventory**, and then click **Reconcile**.
- In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 and in earlier versions, point to **Inventory** on the **Utilities** menu, and then click **Reconcile**.

If any differences are found during the reconcile process, the quantities will be adjusted. If adjustments are made, they will be reflected on the Reconcile Report. Additionally, any serial numbers and lot numbers that were added for the adjusted items are included. If you want to change these serial numbers and lot numbers, you can use the Item Transaction Entry window. Enter decrease adjustment transactions to remove the existing serial numbers and the existing lot numbers. Then, enter increase adjustment transactions to enter the correct serial numbers and the correct lot numbers. To open the Item Transaction Entry window, point to **Inventory** on the **Transactions** menu, and then click **Transaction Entry**.

3. Complete a physical inventory count, and then post any adjustments.

a. Use the Stock Calendar Maintenance window to set up and then maintain information about when stock counts can be performed and about which days will be counted when the system calculates suggested dates for the next stock count for a specific item-site combination. To open the Stock Calendar Maintenance window, follow one of these steps:

- In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Tools** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, point to **Setup**, point to **Inventory**, and then click **Stock Calendar**.
- In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 and in earlier versions, point to **Setup** on the **Tools** menu, point to **Inventory**, and then click **Stock Calendar**.

b. The Stock Count Cycle Assignment window can be used if you want to assign one stock count frequency to many items. To open the Stock Count Cycle Assignment window, point to **Inventory** on the **Cards** menu, and then click **Count Cycle Assignment**.

c. Create a Stock Count Schedule. A Stock Count Schedule is a list of the specific items at a specific site that will be counted during a specific count. When you start a stock count schedule, the quantity on hand for each line in the stock count schedule is captured. Later, the actual count number quantities will be compared to the captured values to create default variance transactions. Stock Count Forms can be printed during this process. To

open the Stock Count Schedule window, point to **Inventory** on the **Transactions** menu, and then click **Stock Count Schedule**.

- d. Use the Stock Count Entry window to enter information about the results of your stock counts. When you process a stock count, variance transactions are created. If the **Auto-post Stock Count Variances** check box is selected, the transactions will also be posted. To open the Stock Count Entry window, point to **Inventory** on the **Transactions** menu, and then click **Stock Count Entry**.

Instead of following step 3, you can manually create your adjusting entries. To do this, print a Physical Inventory Checklist by using the Inventory Activity Reports window, and then perform a physical count of your Inventory Items to verify that quantity on hand amounts are accurate for all Items. To open the Inventory Activity Reports window, point to **Inventory** on the **Reports** menu, and then click **Activity**.

If there are any differences, enter the necessary adjustments in the Item Transaction Entry window, and then post the transactions. To open the Item Transaction Entry window, point to **Inventory** on the **Transactions** menu, and then click **Transaction Entry**.

4. Print additional reports.

Print any additional reports that you will need for planning or for your permanent records. The suggested reports are as follows:

- Stock Status Report
- Purchase Receipts Report
- Turnover Report
- Transaction History Report
- Serial Number List
- Lot Number List

To access the Reports palette, point to **Inventory** on the **Reports** menu. Use selections from the Inventory Reports palette to print these reports. If you plan to remove sold purchase receipts during the year-end closing process, we recommend that you print the Purchase Receipts Report to review the receipts that will be removed.

5. Make a backup.

Make a backup of all company data. This is true so that you will be able to recover quickly should a power fluctuation or other problem occur during the year-end closing procedure.

6. Close the year.

Closing a year performs the following tasks:

- Transfers all summarized current-year quantity (cost and sales amounts) to transaction history for the Items for which you have been keeping summarized sales history.
- Updates the amount in the item's Beginning Quantity field to the Quantity on Hand field at each site. Certain reports, such as the Turnover Report, use the amount in the Beginning Quantity field for report calculations.
- Zeros the Quantity Sold field in Item Quantities Maintenance window for each site.
- Removes purchase receipts and cost change history for items that have been completely sold.
- Removes any discontinued items from the Item records that have been completely sold.
- Removes any lot attributes from the records of lot numbered items if they have been completely sold.
- Updates the standard cost of each item to the current cost if you use either the FIFO periodic method or the LIFO periodic valuation method.
- Uses the Inventory Year-End Closing window to close the year.

The following options are available.

- **Remove discontinued items**
If you click to select the **Discontinued Items** check box, all discontinued Items that have a zero balance will be removed during the year-end closing process. Items can be designated as discontinued by using the Item Maintenance window. Discontinued Items that have a quantity on hand of zero (except for kit components) and have no un-posted transactions will be completely removed from the Inventory module. If you use the Service Call Management module, determine whether any discontinued items exist on any un-posted service documents. If discontinued items exist on any un-posted service documents, the documents must be posted before you continue. The Sales Order Processing report, the Invoicing report, or the Purchase Order Processing report and inquiries will still be able to display information about these discontinued items. However, you will be unable to perform a lookup on the Item Number because it has been removed from the Item Master table. If you want to print a report or inquire on the discontinued Item, you must include the item within the Item Number range.

Note: If you select this option, you will remove the discontinued items. Additionally, you will remove all inventory history for the items. You will be unable to drill back on the inventory history for these items.
- **Remove sold receipts**
If you click to select the **Sold Receipts** check box, all sold receipts whose quantity received amounts and quantity sold amounts are equal will be removed. This is an optional step, and it may not be a procedure that is performed every year-end. These values may help

when items are returned through Invoicing. Therefore, you may not want to remove the purchase receipts from the file.

In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0 or in Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0: *Remove Sold Receipts and Cost Change History Prior To*. You click to select the **Sold Receipts and Cost Change History Prior To** check box to remove all sold purchase receipts and historical cost changes for items that use Average Perpetual, Last In, First Out (LIFO) Perpetual, or the First In, First Out (FIFO) Periodic valuation method, and then you enter a date. The sold receipts, quantity sold details, and historical cost changes with dates that come before the date that you entered will be removed.

In Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0: *Remove Sold Receipts*. If you click to select the **Sold Receipts** check box, all sold receipts whose quantity received amount and quantity sold amount are equal will be removed. This is an optional step, and it may not be a procedure that is performed every year-end. These values may help when items are returned through Invoicing. Therefore, you may not want to remove the purchase receipts from the file.

- **Remove sold lot attributes**

If you click to select the **Sold Lot Attributes** check box, values for completely sold lot numbers will be removed. For example, you can remove the value red for the lot attribute Color if you have sold all lot numbered items that have been assigned the value red.

- **Update an item's standard cost**

If you click to select the **Item's Standard Cost** check box, the Standard Cost for any items that have been assigned the FIFO periodic valuation method or the LIFO periodic valuation method will be adjusted automatically to reflect each item's current cost or the amount you most recently paid for the item. If you are registered for the Manufacturing module, you will be unable to select the **Item's Standard Cost** check box.

When you have selected all the options that you want, click **Process** to start the year-end closing process. When the year is being closed, you will be unable to post, reconcile quantities, change valuation methods, or change decimal places for items.

7. Close the fiscal periods for the Inventory series (*optional*).

You can use the Fiscal Periods Setup window to close fiscal periods that are still open for the year. To open the Fiscal Periods Setup window, follow one of these steps:

- In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Tools** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, point to **Setup**, point to **Company**, and then click **Fiscal Periods**.
- In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 and in earlier versions, point to **Setup** on the **Tools** menu, point to **Company**, and then click **Fiscal Periods**.

This keeps transactions from accidentally being posted to the wrong period or year. Make sure that you have posted all transactions for the period and year for all modules before closing fiscal

periods. If you later have to post transactions to a fiscal period you have already closed, you must return to the Fiscal Periods Setup window to reopen the period before you can post the transaction.

8. Make a final backup.

Make a final backup of the company data files and keep it in safe, permanent storage. This gives you a permanent record of the company's financial position at the time that you closed the year.

Inventory Year-End Closing Tips

- The year-end close must be done before any transactions for the new year have been posted.
- You have the option to select the **Discontinued Items** check box, the **Sold Receipts** check box, or the **Sold Lot Attributes** check box. If you select these check boxes, all items, sold receipts, and sold lot attributes that have a zero balance will be removed during the year-end closing process.
- If you select the **Update Item's Standard Cost** check box, the standard cost for any items that have been assigned the FIFO periodic valuation method or the LIFO periodic valuation method will be adjusted automatically to reflect each item's current cost. The current cost is the amount that you most recently paid for the Item.
- There is no Year End Closing report for Inventory.

Inventory Year-End Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)

Q1: How is the average cost of an item updated throughout the year and during the year-end closing process when you use the Average Perpetual valuation method?

A1: If you are using the Average Perpetual valuation method, all receipts for each item will be averaged to determine the average cost. The year-end closing process does not change the average cost. However, it will remove the purchase receipts that have been completely sold. The next time that a receipt is entered, the average cost will be revalued with the receipts that remain in the Inventory Purchase Receipts file.

Note: In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0, enhancements were made to the calculation of the average cost.

Q2: Can the Inventory Year-End Closing window be used throughout the year to update the standard cost of items if you use the Periodic valuation method?

A2: We do not recommend this because the Beginning Quantity field is updated during the year-end closing process. This would make that field incorrect on reports such as the Turnover report. In addition, all summary sales history information would be incorrectly moved to the following year.

Year-End Closing Procedures for Receivables

SUMMARY

This article contains checklists for the year-end closing process in Receivables Management in Microsoft Dynamics GP and in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains. This article also contains detailed information for each step in the year-end closing process. And, this article describes how to add the year-to-date finance charge information to customer statements for December and for January.

INTRODUCTION

This article describes the recommended year-end closing procedures for Receivables Management in Microsoft Dynamics GP and in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains. Read this article before you perform one or more of the procedures.

Year End Closing Checklist

You can use this checklist for the end of the fiscal year and for the end of the calendar year.

Note: Although Receivables Management is date sensitive in Microsoft Great Plains 7.0 and in later versions of Microsoft Dynamics GP, the following items are updated based on the closing of Receivables Management:

- The SmartList objects
- The Receivables Management summary reports
- The Amounts Since Last Close view in the Customer Summary window

Therefore, we recommend that you follow these steps so that the SmartList objects, the Receivables Management summary reports, and the Amounts Since Last Close view contain the correct information:

1. Post all the sales and receivables transactions for the year.
2. Make a pre-year-end closing backup.
3. Close the year.
4. Close the fiscal periods. (***This step is optional.***)
5. Close the tax year.

6. Make a post-year-end closing backup.

Year End Closing Detail

Step 1: Post all the sales and receivables transactions for the year

Post all the sales and receivables transactions for the year before you close the year. If you want to enter any sales and receivables transactions for a future period before you close the year, create a batch that contains the transactions. Next, save the batch. Then, post the batch after you close the year.

You must close the year because some areas of Microsoft Dynamics GP are not date sensitive. If you do not close the year after you enter all the 2008 transactions and before you enter all the 2009 transactions, these areas will contain incorrect information. However, if you have to change the information, you can change the information in the Amounts Since Last Close view in the Customer Summary window and in the Customer Finance Charge Summary window. The following areas are the areas of Microsoft Dynamics GP that are not date sensitive.

- **The Amounts Since Last Close view in the Customer Summary window**

To open the Amounts Since Last Close view in the Customer Summary window, follow these steps:

1. On the **Cards** menu, point to **Sales**, and then click **Summary**.
2. In the Customer Summary window, type a customer ID in the **Customer ID** box.
3. In the **Summary View** list, click **Amounts Since Last Close**.

- **The Customer Finance Charge Summary window**

To open the Customer Finance Charge Summary window, follow these steps:

1. On the **Cards** menu, point to **Sales**, and then click **Summary**.
2. In the Customer Summary window, type a customer ID in the **Customer ID** field.
3. Click **Finance Charges**.

- **The SmartList objects**

To view the SmartList columns that are affected, follow these steps:

1. Use the appropriate method:
 - In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, click **Columns** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, click **SmartList**, expand **Sales**, expand **Customers**, and then click **Add**.

- In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 or in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0, click **SmartList** on the **View** menu, expand **Customers**, click **Columns**, and then click **Add**.

2. Select the following items in the **Available Columns** list.

Note: The items that are flagged with an asterisk are affected by the calendar year-end close. All the other items are affected by the fiscal year-end close.

- **Average Days to Pay - Year**
- **Finance Charges CYTD***
- **Finance Charges LYR Calendar***
- **High Balance LYR**
- **High Balance YTD**
- **Number of ADTP Documents - LYR**
- **Number of ADTP Documents - Year**
- **Number of NSF Checks YTD**
- **Total # FC LYR***
- **Total # FC YTD***
- **Total # Invoices LYR**
- **Total # Invoices YTD**
- **Total Amount of NSF Check YTD**
- **Total Bad Debt LYR**
- **Total Bad Debt YTD**
- **Total Cash Received LYR**
- **Total Cash Received YTD**
- **Total Discounts Available YTD**
- **Total Discounts Taken LYR**
- **Total Discounts Taken YTD**
- **Total Finance Charges LYR***
- **Total Finance Charges YTD***
- **Total Returns LYR**
- **Total Returns YTD**
- **Total Sales LYR**
- **Total Sales YTD**

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Total Waived FC LYR* • Total Waived FC YTD* • Total Writeoffs LYR • Total Writeoffs YTD • Unpaid Finance Charges YTD* • Write Offs LYR • Write Offs YTD
3.	Click OK .
4.	Click OK .

Step 2: Make a pre-year-end closing backup

Create a backup before you close the year. Put the backup in safe, permanent storage. This backup makes sure that you have a permanent record of the company's financial position at the end of the year. You can restore information from this backup if you have to. For example, this backup would let you quickly recover if a power fluctuation or another problem occurred during the year-end close procedure.

To create a backup in Microsoft Dynamics GP or in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains, follow these steps:

1.	Use the appropriate method: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to Maintenance on the Microsoft Dynamics GP menu, and then click Backup. • In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 or in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0, click Backup on the File menu.
2.	In the Back Up Company window, select the company name in the Company Name list.
3.	Change the path of the backup file if it is required, and then click OK . Note: We recommend that you name this backup PreYearEndClosingBackup2008.

Step 3: Close the year

1.	Use the appropriate method: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to Tools on the Microsoft Dynamics GP menu, point to Routines, point to Sales, and then click Year-End Close.
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- In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 or in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0, point to **Routines** on the **Tools** menu, point to **Sales**, and then click **Year-End Close**.
2. If you are closing both the fiscal year and the calendar year at the same time, click **All**. If you are closing only the calendar year, click **Calendar**. If you are closing only the fiscal year, click **Fiscal**.
 3. Click to select the **Print Report** check box, and then click **Close Year**.

Note: We recommend that you keep a paper copy of the year-end report together with the permanent year-end audit records.

Calendar Year Details

The calendar year-end process in Microsoft Dynamics GP and in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains clears the following fields in the Customer Summary window:

- **Finance Charges CYTD**
- **Total # FC YTD**
- **Total Finance Charges YTD**
- **Total Waived FC YTD**
- **Unpaid Finance Charges YTD**

The calendar year-end process updates the amounts in the following fields:

- ***Finance Charges LYR Calendar**
- ***Total # FC LYR**

Fiscal year details

The fiscal year-end process in Microsoft Dynamics GP and in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains clears the following fields in the Customer Summary window:

- **Average Days to Pay - Year**
- **High Balance YTD**

- **Number of ADTP Documents - Year**
- **Number of NSF Checks YTD**
- **Total # Invoices YTD**
- **Total Amount of NSF Check YTD**
- **Total Bad Debt YTD**
- **Total Cash Received YTD**
- **Total Discounts Available YTD**
- **Total Discounts Taken YTD**
- **Total Returns YTD**
- **Total Sales YTD**
- **Total Write-offs YTD**
- **Write Offs YTD**

The fiscal year-end process updates the amounts in the following fields:

- **High Balance LYR**
- **Number of ADTP Documents - LYR**
- **Total # Invoices LYR**
- **Total Bad Debt LYR**
- **Total Cash Received LYR**

- **Total Discounts Taken LYR**

- **Total Returns LYR**

- **Total Sales LYR**

- **Total Write-offs LYR**

- **Write Offs LYR**

Step 4: Close the fiscal periods (*This step is optional*)

To prevent users from accidentally posting transactions to the wrong period or to the wrong year, use the Fiscal Periods Setup window to close all fiscal periods that are still open for the year. Before you close fiscal periods, verify that you have posted all the transactions for the period and for the year for all modules. If you must later post transactions to a fiscal period that you already closed, you can return to the Fiscal Periods Setup window to reopen the period so that you can post the transactions.

To close a fiscal period, follow these steps:

1. Use the appropriate method:

- In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Tools** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, point to **Setup**, point to **Company**, and then click **Fiscal Periods**.
- In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 or in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0, point to **Setup** on the **Tools** menu, point to **Company**, and then click **Fiscal Periods**.

2. Click to select the **Sales** check box for the period that you want to close.

Step 5: Close the tax year

Note Follow these steps only after you complete the year-end closing procedures for all the sales and purchasing modules.

To close the tax year, follow these steps:

1. Use the appropriate method:

- In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Tools** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, point to **Routines**, point to **Company**, and then click **Tax Year-End Close**.
- In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 or in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0, point to **Routines** on the **Tools** menu, point to **Company**, and then click **Tax Year-End Close**.

2. Click to select the **Close Year** check box, and then click to select the **Print Report** check box.

3. Click **Process**.

Note We recommend that you keep a paper copy of the year-end report together with the permanent year-end audit records.

Step 6: Make a post-year-end closing backup

Create a backup after you close the year. Put the backup in safe, permanent storage. This backup makes sure that you have a permanent record of the company's financial position at the end of the year. You can restore information from this backup if you have to. For example, this backup would let you quickly recover if a power fluctuation or another problem occurred during the year-end close procedure.

To create a backup in Microsoft Dynamics GP or in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains, follow these steps:

1. Use the appropriate method:

- In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Maintenance** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, and then click **Backup**.
- In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 or in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0, click **Backup** on the **File** menu.

2. In the Back Up Company window, click the company name in the **Company Name** list.

3. Change the path of the backup file if it is required, and then click **OK**.

Note We recommend that you name this backup PostYearEndClosingBackup2008.

Year-to-Date Finance Charges on Customer Statements for December and for January

Year-to-date finance charges are not automatically printed on customer statements for December and for January.

December statements

To add the year-to-date finance charges to the December statements, follow these steps:

1. Use the appropriate method:

- In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Tools** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, point

	<p>to Customize, and then click Report Writer.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 or in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0, point to Customize on the Tools menu, and then click Report Writer.
2.	In the Product list, click Microsoft Dynamics GP , and then click OK .
3.	Click Reports .
4.	<p>Use the appropriate method:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If you have not previously modified the statement form, click the statement form that you print in the Original Reports list, click Insert, and then click the statement form in the Modified Reports list. If you previously modified the statement form, click the statement form in the Modified Reports list.
5.	Click Open .
6.	In the Report Definition window, click Tables .
7.	In the Report Table Relationships window, click RM Customer MSTR , and then click New .
8.	In the Related Tables window, click Customer Master Summary , and then click OK .
9.	Click Close .
10.	Click Layout .
11.	In the resource list in the Toolbox box, click Customer Master Summary .
12.	In the field list, drag Finance Charges CYTD to the layout of the report. You can position this field in any section of the report.
13.	On the File menu, click Microsoft Dynamics GP . When you are prompted to save the changes, click Save .
14.	If you have not previously modified this report, you must grant security to the report. To do

this, use the appropriate method.

Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0

- a. On the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, point to **Tools**, point to **Setup**, point to **Systems**, and then click **Alternate/Modified Forms and Reports**.
- b. In the **ID** box, enter the user ID.
- c. In the **Product** list, click **Microsoft Dynamics GP**.
- d. In the **Type** list, click **Reports**.
- e. Expand **Sales**, and then expand the node of the modified form.
- f. Click **Microsoft Dynamics GP (Modified)**.

Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 or Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0

Use one of the following methods.

- Use the Advanced Security tool. To do this, follow these steps:
 - a. On the **Tools** menu, point to **Setup**, point to **System**, and then click **Advanced Security**. If you are prompted, type the system password.
 - b. Click **View**, and then click **by Alternate, Modified and Custom**.
 - c. Expand **Microsoft Dynamics GP**, expand **Reports**, expand **Sales**, and then expand the statement form.
 - d. Click **Microsoft Dynamics GP (Modified)**.
 - e. Click **Apply**, and then click **OK**.

Note: By default, the current user and the current company are selected when you start the Advanced Security tool. Any changes that you make are for the current user and the current company. However, you can select additional users in the User area of the Advanced Security window. You can select additional companies in the Company area of the Advanced Security window.
- Use standard Microsoft Dynamics GP security. To do this, follow these steps:
 - a. On the **Tools** menu, point to **Setup**, point to **System**, and then click **Security**. If you are prompted, type the system password.
 - b. In the **User ID** list, click the user ID of the user who you want to access the report.
 - c. In the **Type** list, click **Modified Reports**.
 - d. In the **Series** list, click **Sales**.
 - e. In the **Access List** box, double-click the statement form, and then click **OK**. An

asterisk appears next to the report name.

January statements

To add the year-to-date finance charges to the January statements, follow these steps:

1. Follow steps 1 through 11 in the "December Statements" section.
2. In the field list, drag **Finance Charges LYR Calendar** to the layout of the report. You can position this field in any section of the report.
3. Follow steps 13 and 14 in the "December statements" section.

Year-End Closing Procedures for Payables

SUMMARY

This article describes the recommended year-end closing procedures for the Payables Management module in Microsoft Dynamics GP and in Microsoft Great Plains. The "More Information" section contains the following information:

- A checklist of the steps that you must follow to complete the calendar year-end closing procedures.
- A checklist of the steps that you must follow to complete the fiscal year-end closing procedures.
- Detailed information about each step in the checklists.
- A list of frequently asked questions.

INTRODUCTION

Read this whole article before you perform the steps. If you have questions, contact Microsoft Business Solutions Technical Support.

Master Year-End Closing Checklist

Note: Use this checklist if you are closing your fiscal year and your calendar year at the same time.

1. Post all transactions for the year.
2. Print the Aged Trial Balance with Options report.
3. Print the Vendor Period Analysis Report.
4. Install the year-end update
5. Make a backup that is named "Pre-1099 Edits."
6. Verify the 1099 information and edit it if it is required.
7. Print the 1099 statements.

8.	Make a backup that is named "Pre Year-End."
9.	Close the year.
10.	Close the fiscal periods.
11.	Close the tax year.
12.	Make a backup that is named "Post Year-End."

Calendar Year-End Closing Checklist

Note: Although the Payables Management module is date-sensitive in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 7.0 and in later versions, the SmartList objects, the Payables Management summary reports, and the **Amounts Since Last Close** view of the Vendor Yearly Summary window are updated based on the closing of the Payables Management module. Therefore, we recommend that you follow these steps so that the SmartList objects, the Payables Management summary reports, and the **Amounts Since Last Close** view of the Vendor Yearly Summary window are correct.

1.	Post all transactions for the calendar year.
2.	Print the Aged Trial Balance with Options report.
3.	Make a backup that is named "Pre-1099 Edits."
4.	Verify the 1099 information and edit it if it is required.
5.	Print the 1099 statements.
6.	Make a backup that is named "Pre Year-End."
7.	Close the calendar year.
8.	Close the fiscal periods.
9.	Close the tax year.

10. Make a backup that is named "Post Year-End."

Fiscal Year-End Closing Checklist

1. Post all the transactions for the Fiscal Year
2. Print the Vendor Period Analysis Report.
3. Make a backup that is named "Pre Year-End."
4. Close the fiscal year.
5. Close the fiscal periods.
6. Make a backup that is named "Post Year-End."

Year-End Closing Detail

Step 1: Post all transactions for the year

Post all transactions for the year before you close the year. If you want to enter future period transactions before you close the year, create a new batch for the future period transactions. Save the future period transactions in the new batch, but do not post the new batch until after the year has been closed.

The following areas of Microsoft Dynamics GP are not date-sensitive:

- The **Amounts Since Last Close** view of the Vendor Yearly Summary window
- SmartList objects
- Vendor Summary reports

These areas of Microsoft Dynamics GP will be incorrect if you do not close the payables year after you enter all 2008 transactions and before you enter all 2009 transactions. However, the **Amounts Since Last Close** view of the Vendor Yearly Summary window is editable. Therefore, you can update the information in the **Amounts Since Last Close** view of the Vendor Yearly Summary window if it is required.

To access the **Amounts Since Last Close** view of the Vendor Yearly Summary window, follow these steps:

1. On the **Cards** menu, point to **Purchasing**, and then click **Summary**.
2. In the Vendor Credit Summary window, type a vendor ID in the **Vendor ID** field, and then click **Yearly**.
3. In the **Summary View** list, click **Amounts Since Last Close**.

To view the SmartList columns that are affected, follow these steps:

1. Open SmartList. To do this, use the appropriate step:
 - In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, click **SmartList** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu.
 - In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 and in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0, click **SmartList** on the **View** menu.
2. Use the appropriate step:
 - In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, expand the **Purchasing** node, and then click **Vendors**.
 - In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 and in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0, click **Vendors**.
3. Click **Columns**.
4. Click **Add**.
5. Click the following fields in the **Available Columns** list.
Note: The items flagged with an asterisk are affected by the calendar year-end close. All other items are affected by the fiscal year-end close.
 - ***1099 Amount YTD**
 - ***1099 Amount LYR**
 - **Amount Billed YTD**
 - **Amount Billed LYR**
 - **Amount Paid YTD**
 - **Amount Paid LYR**
 - **Average Days To Pay - Year**
 - **Discount Available LYR**

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discount Available YTD • Discount Lost LYR • Discount Lost YTD • Discount Taken LYR • Discount Taken YTD • Finance Charge LYR • Finance Chare YTD • Number of Finance Charges LYR • Number of Finance Charges YTD • Number of Invoice LYR • Number of Invoice YTD • Number of Paid Invoice YTD • Returns LYR • Returns YTD • Trade Discounts Taken LYR • Trade Discounts Taken YTD • Withholding LYR • Withholding YTD • Write Offs LYR • Write Offs YTD
6.	Click OK .
7.	Click OK .

To view the Vendor Summary reports, follow these steps:

1.	On the Reports menu, point to Purchasing , and then click Analysis .
2.	In the Reports list, click Calendar Year .
3.	In the Options list, click an option, and then click Print .

Step 2: Print the Aged Trial Balance with Options report

We recommend that you print a paper copy of the Aged Trial Balance with Options report to keep with your year-end permanent financial records. To do this, follow these steps:

1. On the **Reports** menu, point to **Purchasing**, and then click **Trial Balance**.
2. In the **Reports** list, click **Aged Trial Balance with Options**.

Step 3: Print the Vendor Period Analysis report

We recommend that you print a paper copy of the Vendor Period Analysis report to keep with your year-end permanent financial records. To do this, follow these steps:

1. On the **Reports** menu, point to **Purchasing**, and then click **Analysis**.
2. In the **Reports** list, click **Period**.

Step 4: Make a backup that is named "Pre-1099 Edits"

Create a backup, and then put the backup in safe, permanent storage. A backup gives you a permanent record of the company's financial position at the end of the year, and this backup can be restored later if it is required. A backup lets you recover data quickly if a power fluctuation or other problem occurs during the year-end closing procedure.

To create a backup in Microsoft Dynamics GP, follow these steps:

1. Use the appropriate step:
 - In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Maintenance** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, and then click **Backup**.
 - In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 and in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0, click **Backup** on the **File** menu.
2. In the **Company Name** list, click your company name.
3. Change the path of the backup file if it is required, and then click **OK**.
Note: We recommend that you name this backup "Pre-1099 Edits" to differentiate it from your other backups.

Step 5: Verify the 1099 information and edit it if it is required

To print the 1099 edit list, follow these steps:

1.	Use the appropriate step: <ul style="list-style-type: none">In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to Tools on the Microsoft Dynamics GP menu, point to Routines, point to Purchasing, and then click Print 1099.In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 and in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0, point to Routines on the Tools menu, point to Purchasing, and then click Print 1099.
2.	On the File menu, click Print .

To edit the 1099 information for a vendor, follow these steps.

Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0

To open the "1099 Details" window, use one of the following methods.

Method 1

1.	On the Cards menu, point to Purchasing , and then click 1099 Details .
2.	In the Vendor ID list, click a vendor ID.
3.	In the Tax Type list, select one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none">DividendInterestMiscellaneous
4.	In the Display area, click Month or Year , and then type 2008 in the Year field.
5.	In the Amount column, type the correct 1099 amount.
6.	Click Save .

Method 2

1.	On the Cards menu, point to Purchasing , and then click Summary .
2.	In the Vendor ID list, click a vendor ID, and then click Period .
3.	In the Year field, type 2008 .

4. In the **Month/Period** field, select the appropriate month or period.
5. Click the "1099 Details" button that appears next to the **1099 Amount** field.
6. In the **Amount** column, type the correct 1099 amount.

Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 and Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0

1. On the **Cards** menu, point to **Purchasing**, and then click **Summary**.
2. In the **Vendor ID** field, type the ID of the vendor whose 1099 amounts you must edit, and then click **Period**.
3. In the **Year** field, type **2008**.
4. In the **Month/Period** field, type the number of the period that you must edit.
5. In the **1099 Amount** field, type the correct 1099 amount.
6. Click **Save**.

Step 6: Print the 1099 statements

Note You can do this at any time.

To print the 1099 statements, follow these steps:

1. Use the appropriate step:
 - In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Tools** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, point to **Routines**, point to **Purchasing**, and then click **Print 1099**.
 - In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 and in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0, point to **Routines** on the **Tools** menu, point to **Purchasing**, and then click **Print 1099**.
2. In the **1099 Year** field, type **2008**.
3. Each of your 1099 report types must be printed separately. In the Print 1099 window, click the options that you want in the **1099 Type** field and in the **1099 Box Number** field, and then click **Print**.

The following table provides additional information about the fields on the 1099 form and where this information can be located in Microsoft Dynamics GP.

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Field	window where data is located
Payers name, street address, city, state, and ZIP Code/Postal Code	Print 1099 window
Payers Federal Identification number	Print 1099 window
Recipients name, address, and Zip Code/Postal Code	Primary Address of the Vendor Maintenance window
Recipients identification number	Tax ID field of the Vendor Maintenance Options window
Amounts for boxes 1-9 on the Dividend Form or 1-16 on the Miscellaneous Form	1099 Amount field in the Vendor Yearly Summary window

Currently, Microsoft Dynamics GP does not handle magnetic media filing of state 1099s.

Step 7: Make a backup that is named "Pre Year-End"

Create a backup, and then put the backup in safe, permanent storage. A backup gives you a permanent record of the company's financial position at the end of the year, and this backup can be restored later if it is required. A backup lets you recover data quickly if a power fluctuation or other problem occurs during the year-end closing procedure.

To create a backup in Microsoft Dynamics GP, follow these steps:

1. Use the appropriate step:
 - In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Maintenance** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, and then click **Backup**.
 - In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 and in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0, click **Backup** on the **File** menu.
2. In the **Company Name** list, click your company name.
3. Change the path of the backup file if it is required, and then click **OK**.
Note: We recommend that you name this backup "Pre Year-End" to differentiate it from your other backups.

Step 8: Close the year

To close the year, follow these steps:

1.	Use the appropriate step: <ul style="list-style-type: none">In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to Tools on the Microsoft Dynamics GP menu, point to Routines, point to Purchasing, and then click Year-End Close.In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 and in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0, point to Routines on the Tools menu, point to Purchasing, and then click Year-End Close.
2.	If you are closing both your fiscal and calendar year at the same time, click All . If you are just closing your calendar year, click Calendar . If you are just closing your fiscal year, click Fiscal .
3.	Click to select the Print Report check box, and then click Close Year . Note: We recommend that you keep a paper copy of the year-end report together with your permanent year-end audit records.

To view the Vendor Yearly Summary window, follow these steps:

1.	On the Cards menu, point to Purchasing , and then click Summary .
2.	In the Vendor ID field, type a vendor ID to view, and then click Yearly .

The Calendar Year Details

The calendar year-end process in Microsoft Dynamics GP will clear the **1099 Amount Year to Date** field and then transfer the amount to the **1099 Amount Last Year** field for the **Amounts Since Last Close** view of the Vendor Yearly Summary window.

The Fiscal Year details

The fiscal year-end process in Microsoft Dynamics GP will clear the following fields:

•	Amount Billed YTD
•	Amount Paid YTD
•	Average Days To Pay - Year
•	Discount Available YTD
•	Discount Lost YTD

- **Discount Taken YTD**
- **Finance Charge YTD**
- **Number of Finance Charges YTD**
- **Number of Invoice YTD**
- **Number of Paid Invoice YTD**
- **Returns YTD**
- **Trade Discounts Taken YTD**
- **Withholding YTD**
- **Write Offs YTD**

The amounts in these fields will also be updated in the **Amounts Since Last Close** view of the Vendor Yearly Summary window:

- **Amount Billed LYR**
- **Amount Paid LYR**
- **Discount Available LYR**
- **Discount Lost LYR**
- **Discount Taken LYR**
- **Finance Charge LYR**
- **Number of Finance Charges LYR**
- **Number of Invoice LYR**

- **Returns LYR**
- **Trade Discounts Taken LYR**
- **Withholding LYR**
- **Write Offs LYR**

Step 9: Close the fiscal periods

You can use the Fiscal Periods Setup window to close any fiscal periods that are still open for the year. This prevents users from accidentally posting transactions to the wrong period or year. Verify that you have posted all transactions for the period and the year for all modules before closing fiscal periods. If you must later post transactions to a fiscal period that you have already closed, you can return to the Fiscal Periods Setup window to reopen the period before you can post a transaction.

To close a fiscal period, follow these steps:

1. Use the appropriate step:
 - In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Tools** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, point to **Setup**, point to **Company**, and then click **Fiscal Periods**.
 - In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 and in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0, point to **Setup** on the **Tools** menu, point to **Company**, and then click **Fiscal Periods**.
2. Click to select the **Purchasing** check box for the **Period** that you must close.

Step 10: Close the tax year

Note: This procedure should only be completed after you have completed the year-end closing procedures for all sales and purchasing modules.

To close the tax year, follow these steps:

1. Use the appropriate step:
 - In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Tools** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, point to **Routines**, point to **Company**, and then click **Tax Year-End Close**.
 - In Microsoft Dynamic GP 9.0 and in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0, point to **Routines** on the **Tools** menu, point to **Company**, and then click **Tax Year-End Close**.

2. Click to select the **Close Year** check box and the **Print Report** check box.
3. Click **Process**. When you are prompted to continue with the year-end close. Click **Yes**.
Note: We recommend that you keep a paper copy of the year-end report together with your permanent year-end audit records.

Step 11: Make a backup that is named "Post Year-End"

Create a backup, and then put the backup in safe, permanent storage. A backup gives you a permanent record of the company's financial position at the end of the year, and this backup can be restored later if it is required. A backup lets you recover data quickly if a power fluctuation or other problem occurs during the year-end closing procedure.

To create a backup in Microsoft Dynamics GP, follow these steps:

1. Use the appropriate step:
 - In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Maintenance** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, and then click **Backup**.
 - In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 and in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0, click **Backup** on the **File** menu.
2. In the **Company Name** list, click your company name.
3. Change the path of the backup file if it is required, and then click **OK**.
Note We recommend that you name this backup "Post Year-End" to differentiate it from your other backups.

Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)

Q1: Are inactive vendor records cleared during year-end closing? If not, how can inactive vendor records be removed?

A1: No, inactive vendor records are not automatically removed. To remove an inactive vendor record, the following conditions must be true:

- No current year 1099 amounts exist for the vendor
- The vendor has no documents in work or history.

To delete all inactive vendor records that fit these criteria, follow these steps:

1.	Use the appropriate step: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to Tools on the Microsoft Dynamics GP menu, point to Utilities, point to Purchasing, and then click Mass Vendor Delete.• In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 and in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0, point to Utilities on the Tools menu, point to Purchasing, and then click Mass Vendor Delete.
2.	In the Range list, click by Vendor Status .
3.	In the From list, click Inactive .
4.	In the To list, click Inactive .
5.	Click Process .

Q2: What should I do if I must issue a check on January 2, 2009 but I am not ready to close 2008 yet?

A2: Print the checks, but post them after you process your year-end closing. If you must post the checks immediately, change the **Amount Paid** fields in the **Amounts Since Last Close** view of the Vendor Yearly Summary window.

Year-End Closing Procedures for Fixed Asset

SUMMARY

This document outlines the recommended year-end closing procedures for Fixed Asset Management in Microsoft Dynamics GP and in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains. This article includes a checklist of the steps that you must follow to complete these procedures. The "More information" section contains detailed information about each step. A series of frequently asked questions (FAQ) follows the description of the procedures.

INTRODUCTION

Read this document before you perform any of the following procedures. If you have any questions, contact Technical Support for Microsoft Dynamics.

Year-End Checklist

Step 1: Perform all the year-end closing procedures for Payables Management in Microsoft Dynamics GP

Close Payables Management first. This action guarantees that all the outstanding fixed asset transactions are capitalized.

Step 2: Enter all the fixed asset transactions for the current fiscal year

Post all the additions, the changes, the transfers, and the retirements for the current fiscal year.

Note: Transfers and undo retirement transactions should never be performed in a historical year.

Step 3: Depreciate all assets through the last day of the current fiscal year

1.	Use the appropriate method: <ul style="list-style-type: none">In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to Tools on the Microsoft Dynamics GP menu, point to Routines, point to Fixed Assets, and then click Depreciate.In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 or in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0, point to Routines on the Tools menu, point to Fixed Assets, and then click Depreciate.
2.	In the Depreciation Target Date box, type the last date of the current fiscal year.
3.	To insert all the fixed asset books, click All .
4.	Click Depreciate .

Step 4: Perform the GL Posting (GL Interface) process (This step is optional.)

1.	Use the appropriate method: <ul style="list-style-type: none">In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to Tools on the Microsoft Dynamics GP menu, point to Routines, point to Fixed Assets, and then click GL Posting.In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 or in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0, point to Routines on the Tools menu, point to Fixed Assets, and then click GL Posting.
2.	In the Beginning Period box, type 2008-012 . Note: The 2008-012 placeholder represents period 12 of the fiscal year 2008. If you are not running on a calendar fiscal year, or if you have more than 12 periods, the period that you type is different.
3.	In the Ending Period box, type 2008-012 .
4.	In the Transaction Date box, type the last date of the current fiscal year, or type the date when you need the posting to affect the general ledger.
5.	Click Continue .
6.	When you receive a message that the batch number is being created, click Continue .
7.	In the Report Destination window, click to select the Printer check box, and then click OK . Note: You may want to keep this report as part of the year-end financial records.

Step 5: Run any year-end reports that you want to keep as part of the year-end financial records

The year-to-date depreciation amounts for previous fiscal years are not kept in Fixed Asset Management. Therefore, you must print any reports that contain this information before you close the year.

There are several reports available for fixed assets. We recommend that you print the following reports:

- Annual Activity

To print the Annual Activity report, point to **Fixed Assets** on the **Reports** menu, and then click **Activity**.

- Additions

To print the Additions report, point to **Fixed Assets** on the **Reports** menu, and then click **Transaction**.

- Retirements

To print the Retirements report, point to **Fixed Assets** on the **Reports** menu, click **Transaction**, and then click **Retirements** in the **Reports** list.

- Transfers

To print the Transfers report, point to **Fixed Assets** on the **Reports** menu, click **Transaction**, and then click **Transfers** in the **Reports** list.

- Depreciation Ledger

To print the Depreciation Ledger report, point to **Fixed Assets** on the **Reports** menu, click **Depreciation**, and then click **Depreciation Ledger** in the **Reports** list.

- Property Ledger

To print the Property Ledger report, point to **Fixed Assets** on the **Reports** menu, click **Inventory**, and then click **Property Ledger** in the **Reports** list.

- "Fixed Assets to General Ledger Reconciliation"

To print the "Fixed Assets to General Ledger Reconciliation" report, point to **Fixed Assets** on the **Reports** menu, click **Activity**, and then click **Fixed Assets to General Ledger Reconciliation** in the **Reports** list.

If you have more than one fixed asset book, we recommend that you also print the following reports:

- "Book to Book Reconciliation"

To print the "Book to Book Reconciliation" report, point to **Fixed Assets** on the **Reports** menu, and then click **Comparison**.

- "Book to Book YTD Depreciation Comparison"

To print the "Book to Book YTD Comparison" report, point to **Fixed Assets** on the **Reports** menu, click **Comparison**, and then click **Book to Book YTD Depreciation Comparison** in the **Reports** list.

Step 6: Guarantee that the Fixed Assets calendar is built correctly (*This step is optional.*)

1. Use the appropriate method:

- In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Tools** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, point to **Utilities**, point to **Fixed Assets**, and then click **Build Calendar**.
 - In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 or in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0, point to **Utilities** on the **Tools** menu, point to **Fixed Assets**, and then click **Build Calendar**.
2. Click **Inquire**, and then click **Verify**. When you are prompted to verify the periods, click **OK**.
 3. In the Report Destination window, click **Screen**, and then click **OK**.

Step 7: Verify that the quarters are set up correctly for all the fiscal years

1. Use the appropriate method:
 - In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Tools** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, point to **Setup**, point to **Fixed Assets**, and then click **Quarter**.
 - In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 or in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0, point to **Setup** on the **Tools** menu, point to **Fixed Assets**, and then click **Quarter**.
2. Make sure that the following boxes are not empty:
 - **Start Date**
 - **Mid Date**
 - **End Date**

Note: These boxes must exist for each quarter. If any box is empty, type the appropriate date in that box.

Step 8: Create a backup

This backup should be stored off-site together with the rest of the year-end documentation. This backup gives you a permanent record of the company's financial position at the end of the year. Additionally, this backup can be restored later if it is required. Making a backup guarantees that you can quickly recover if a power fluctuation or other problem occurs during the year-end closing procedures.

To create a backup in Microsoft Dynamics GP or in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains, follow these steps:

1. Use the appropriate method:
 - In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Maintenance** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, and then click **Backup**.

- In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 or in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0, click **Backup** on the **File** menu.
2. In the **Company Name** list, click the company name.
 3. Change the path of the backup if you must, and then click **OK**.

Step 9: Perform the fixed assets year-end closing routine

1. Use the appropriate method:
 - In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Tools** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, point to **Routines**, point to **Fixed Assets**, and then click **Year End**.
 - In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 or in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0, point to **Routines** on the **Tools** menu, point to **Fixed Assets**, and then click **Year End**.
2. Verify that the fiscal year that is displayed for each book is the current fiscal year. (The current fiscal year is the year that you are closing.)

Note: If the fiscal year that is displayed for a book is not the current fiscal year, see [question 1](#) in the "Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)" section.
3. Click a book that you want to close, and then click **Insert**. Repeat this step until all the books that you want to close have been inserted.

Note: Microsoft Dynamics GP and Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains perform the following procedures during the year-end closing routine:

- In the Asset General Information window, the **Quantity** field is copied to the **Begin Quantity** field of the Expand Quantity window.
- In the Expand Last Maintenance window, the **YTD Maintenance** amount is cleared.
- In the Asset Book window, the **YTD Depreciation Amount** is cleared.
- The following procedures are performed:
 - The **Cost Basis** field is copied to the **Begin Year Cost** field.
 - The **LTD Depreciation** field is copied to the **Begin Reserve** field.
 - The **Salvage Value** field is copied to the **Begin Salvage** field.

- In the Book Setup window, the **Current Fiscal Year** field is increased by one.

Note: A report is not generated during the fixed assets year-end closing routine.

Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)

Q1: The fiscal year that is displayed for my book in the Asset Year End window is not 2008. I closed 2007 last year, and I have not yet closed 2008. What should I do?

A1: See the answer for question 5.

Q2: I have closed General Ledger in Microsoft Dynamics GP, and I now realize that I have not yet closed Fixed Asset Management. Can I perform the fixed assets year-end closing routine at this point?

A2: We recommend that you close General Ledger last, after all the subsidiary modules have been closed. However, Fixed Asset Management can be closed after General Ledger is closed. The GL Posting (GL Interface) process can be performed, and then the transaction or transactions can be posted to the closed year or to the historical year in the general ledger. For more information about the GL Posting (GL Interface) process, see step 4 in the "Year-end checklist" section.

To post transactions to the historical year in the general ledger, make sure that the following options are selected in the General Ledger Setup window:

- **Allow Posting to History**
- **Maintain History Accounts**
- **Maintain History Transactions**

Notes:

- To access the General Ledger Setup window in Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Tools** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, point to **Setup**, point to **Financial**, and then click **General Ledger**.
- To access the General Ledger Setup window in Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 or in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0, point to **Setup** on the **Tools** menu, point to **Financial**, and then click **General Ledger**.

The posted transaction will update the historical year, and it will roll forward as a beginning balance to the open year. If any expense accounts or any revenue accounts were included in the transaction, they will automatically close out to the Retained Earnings account or accounts.

Q3: I ran the year-end routine in Fixed Asset Management, and then I ran depreciation in the new year. I see that the depreciation is highly overstated and that some assets have a negative number in

the "Net Book Value" field. Why is the system calculating so much depreciation?

A3: This problem occurs if the following conditions are true:

- The year was closed.
- The assets were not depreciated through the last day of the fiscal year.

Consider the following example:

- The fiscal year is a calendar year (January 1 through December 31).
- The assets were depreciated through December 28 when the year was closed.

In this example, depreciation will be incorrect the next time that depreciation is run. The system does not recalculate the yearly rate when the year-end closing routine is performed. Therefore, fixed assets take a full year of depreciation in the last few days that remain in the previous year (December 29 through December 31). The rate of depreciation is the yearly rate currently on each asset. Additionally, if there are assets that are near the end of their original life, the **Net Book Value** field may become negative.

There are two workarounds for this problem:

- **Recommended workaround**
Restore the data from a backup, run depreciation through the last day of the year, and then perform the year-end closing procedures.
- **Alternative workaround**
Reset life on all the assets.

Note: If amounts on the assets have ever been entered for the **YTD Depreciation** field or for the **LTD Depreciation** field, resetting life on the assets will change these amounts, and the result may be different. If you change the **YTD Depreciation** field or the **LTD Depreciation** field by resetting life on the asset, you will cause inconsistencies between Fixed Asset Management and General Ledger. These inconsistencies must be explained.

Q4: Instead of completing the year-end routine for Fixed Asset Management, I manually changed the "Current Fiscal Year" field in the Book Setup window to the next year. Do I have to go back and run the year-end closing routine, or can I continue to process activity in Fixed Asset Management for the new year?

A4: If no activity, such as additions, changes, transfers, retirements, or depreciation, has been run for the new year, the **Current Fiscal Year** field in the Book Setup window can be changed back to the previous year, and then the year-end closing routine can be processed.

If any activity, such as additions, changes, transfers, retirements, or depreciation, has been run for the new year, restore the data from a backup, and then continue with the year-end closing routine.

In either situation, the year-end closing routine must be run. If the year-end closing routine is not completed, the amount in the **YTD Depreciation** field will be overstated on any report that includes assets that were retired or that were fully depreciated in the previous year. If the year-end closing routine is not performed, the amounts in the **YTD Depreciation** field will not be cleared. The amounts in the **YTD Depreciation** field will not be zeroed out. Therefore, these amounts will be incorrectly included in the reports for the new year.

Year-End Closing Procedures for Payroll

SUMMARY

This document outlines the recommended year-end closing procedures for Microsoft Dynamics GP Payroll. The "More Information" section contains the following:

- A detailed checklist of the steps that you must follow to complete the year-end closing procedures.
- An alternative checklist to use instead of the standard checklist if you must process 2009 pay runs before you complete the year-end closing procedures for 2008.

INTRODUCTION

Read this whole article before you perform any one of the steps.

Year-End Checklist

To perform the year-end closing procedures, follow these steps:

1.	Verify the version of Microsoft Dynamics GP
2.	Complete all pay runs for the current year
3.	Complete all monthly and quarterly payroll period-end procedures for the current year
4.	Make a backup of the original file
5.	Install the Year-End Update
6.	Create the Year-End file
7.	Make a backup of the new file
8.	Verify W-2 and 1099-R statement information
9.	Print the W-2 statements and the W-3 Transmittal form

10.	Print the 1099-R forms and the 1096 Transmittal form
11.	(Optional:) Create a magnetic media file
12.	(Optional:) Archive inactive employee Human Resources information
13.	Set up fiscal periods for 2009
14.	(Optional:) Close fiscal periods for the payroll series for 2008
15.	Install the payroll tax update for 2009

Alternative Payroll Year-End Checklist

If you must process 2009 pay runs before you complete the year-end closing procedures, follow the steps in this alternative checklist:

1.	Verify the version of Microsoft Dynamics GP
2.	Complete all pay runs for the current year
3.	(Optional:) Complete all monthly and quarterly payroll period-end procedures for the current year
4.	Make a backup of the original file
5.	Install the Year-End Update
6.	Create the year-end file
7.	Make a backup of the new file
8.	Verify W-2 and 1099-R statement information
9.	(Optional:) Archive inactive employee Human Resources information

10.	Set up Fiscal Periods for 2009
11.	(Optional:) Close the fiscal periods for the Payroll series for 2008
12.	Install the payroll tax update for 2009
13.	Process the 2009 pay runs. The user date must occur in 2009.
14.	Print the W-2 statements and the W-3 Transmittal form
15.	Print the 1099-R forms and the 1096 Transmittal form
16.	(Optional:) Create a magnetic media file

Year End Closing Detail

Step 1: Verify the version of Microsoft Dynamics GP

The 2008 Payroll Year-End Update file and the 2009 Payroll Tax Update file will be available for Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 and for Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0. The 2008 Payroll Year-End Update file and the 2009 Payroll Tax Update file will not be compatible with Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0 or with earlier versions.

Step 2: Complete all pay runs for the current year

Step 3: **(Optional:)** Complete all monthly and quarterly payroll period-end procedures for the current year

For more information about period-end procedures for payroll, view Chapter 21, "Payroll Company Routines," in the Microsoft Dynamics GP user's manual.

Step 4: Make a backup of the original file

Create a backup, and then put this backup into safe, permanent storage. By creating a backup, you make sure that you have a permanent record of the company's financial position at the end of the year. You can restore the backup to quickly recover data if a power fluctuation or other problem occurs during the year-end closing procedure.

To create a backup in Microsoft Dynamics GP, follow these steps:

1. In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Maintenance on the Microsoft Dynamics GP menu**, and then click **Backup**. In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0, click **Backup** on the **File** menu.
Note: The **Back Up Company** window opens.
2. In the **Company Name** list, click your company name.
3. Change the path of the backup file if it is required, and then click **OK**.
Note: We recommend that you name this backup **2008 Pre Year-End Update** to differentiate it from your other backups.

Step 5: Install the year-end update

To install the payroll year-end update, you must follow these steps on each computer that has Microsoft Dynamics GP installed.

When the update is released, install the update

Step 6: Create the year-end file

To create the year-end file, follow these steps:

1. In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Tools** on the **Microsoft Dynamic GP** menu, point to **Routines**, point to **Payroll**, and then click **Year-End Closing**. In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0, point to **Routines** on the **Tools** menu, point to **Payroll**, and then click **Year-End Closing**.
2. In the **Year** field, type **2008**, and then click **Process**.

Note: You can install the payroll tax update for 2009 any time after the year-end file for 2008 has been created.

Step 7: Make a backup of the new file

Create a backup, and then put this backup into safe, permanent storage. By creating a backup, you make sure that you have a permanent record of the company's financial position at the end of the year. You can restore the backup to quickly recover data if a power fluctuation or other problem occurs during the year-end closing procedure.

To create a backup in Microsoft Dynamics GP, follow these steps:

1. In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Maintenance** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, and then click **Backup**. In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0, on the **File** menu, click **Backup**. The **Back Up Company** window opens.
2. In the **Company Name** list, click your company name.
3. Change the path of the backup file if it is required, and then click **OK**.
Note: We recommend that you name this backup **2008 Post Year-End File** to differentiate it from your other backups.

Step 8: Verify W-2 and 1099-R statement information

To view the W-2 information in Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Tools** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, point to **Routines**, point to **Payroll**, and then click **Edit W-2s**. In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0, click **Tools**, point to **Routines**, point to **Payroll**, and then click **Edit W-2s**.

To view the 1099-R information in Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Tools** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, point to **Routines**, point to **Payroll**, and then click **Edit 1099-Rs**. In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0, click **Tools**, point to **Routines**, point to **Payroll**, and then click **Edit 1099-Rs**.

Note: If you change the W-2 or the 1099-R information, we recommend that you make another backup.

Step 9: Print the W-2 statements and the W-3 Transmittal form

To print the W-2 statements, follow these steps:

1. In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Tools** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, point to **Routines**, point to **Payroll**, and then click **Print W-2s**. In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0, point to **Routines** on the **Tools** menu, point to **Payroll**, and then click **Print W-2s**.
2. In the **Print W-2 Forms** window, specify the following settings:
 - **Print W-2s for: Normal Year-End**
 - **Print: W-2 Forms**
3. Click **Print**.

Note: You can print employee W-2 statements as many times as you have to.

To print the W-3 Transmittal Form, follow these steps:

1. In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Tools** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, point to **Routines**, point to **Payroll**, and then click **Print W-3s**. In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0, point to **Routines** on the **Tools** menu, point to **Payroll**, and then click **Print W-3s**.
2. In the **Print W-2 Forms** window, specify the following settings:
 - **Print W-2s for: Normal Year-End**
 - **Print: W-3 Transmittal Form**
3. Click **Print**.

Note: You can print the W-3 Transmittal Form as many times as you have to.

Step 10: Print the 1099-R forms and the 1096 Transmittal form

To print the 1099 forms, follow these steps:

1. In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Tools** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, point to **Routines**, point to **Payroll** and then click **Print 1099-Rs**. In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0 and in Microsoft Business Solutions - Great Plains 8.0, point to **Routines** on the **Tools** menu, point to **Payroll**, and then click **Print 1099-Rs**.
2. In the **Print 1099-R Forms** window, click **1099-R Forms**, and then click **Print**.

Note: You can print employee 1099-R forms as many times as you have to.

To print the 1096 Transmittal form, follow these steps:

1. In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Tools** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, point to **Routines**, point to **Payroll**, and then click **Print 1099-Rs**. In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0, point to **Routines** on the **Tools** menu, point to **Payroll**, and then click **Print 1099-Rs**.
2. In the **Print 1099-R Forms** window, click **1096 Transmittal Form**, and then click **Print**.

Note: You can print the 1096 Transmittal form as many times as you have to.

Step 11: (Optional:) Create a W-2 Electronic File

To create a W-2 Electronic File, follow these steps:

1. In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Tools** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, point to **Routines**, point to **Payroll**, and then click **Electronic File**. In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0, point to **Routines** on the **Tools** menu, point to **Payroll**, and then click **Electronic File**.
2. In the **W-2 Electronic File** window, click to select the check box that is next to each company that you want to include in your W-2 Electronic File.
3. In the **User ID Number** field, enter the user ID number.
4. Click **Submitter**. The **Electronic Filer Submitter Information** window opens.
5. Enter the authorized submission information.
6. Close the **Electronic Filer Submitter Information** window.
7. Change the file destination information in the **File Name** field if it is required.
8. Click **Create File**.

Step 12: (Optional): Archive inactive employee Human Resources information

To archive inactive employee Human Resources information in Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Tools** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, point to **Utilities**, point to **Human Resources**, and then click **Archive Employee**. In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0, click **Tools**, point to **Utilities**, point to **Human Resources**, and then click **Archive Employee**.

Step 13: Set up fiscal periods for 2009

To set up fiscal periods for 2009, follow these steps:

1. In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Setup** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, point to **Company**, and then click **Fiscal Periods**. In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0, point to **Setup** on the **Tools** menu, point to **Company**, and then click **Fiscal Periods**.
2. In the **Year** field, type **2009**, and then click **Calculate**.
Note: You may want to close all periods except period 1 to prevent users from posting to future periods.

3. Click **OK**.

Step 14: (Optional:) Close fiscal periods for the payroll series for 2008

You can use the **Fiscal Periods Setup** window to close all fiscal periods that are still open for the year. By closing fiscal periods, you prevent users from accidentally posting transactions to the wrong period or to the wrong year.

Before you close a fiscal period, verify that you have posted all transactions for the period and for the year for all modules. To later post a transaction to a fiscal period that you have closed, you must first reopen the period in the **Fiscal Periods Setup** window.

To close a fiscal period, follow these steps:

1. In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Tools** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, point to **Setup**, point to **Company**, and then click **Fiscal Periods**. In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0, point to **Setup** on the **Tools** menu, point to **Company**, and then click **Fiscal Periods**.
2. Click to select the **Payroll** check box for each **Period** that you close.

Step 15: Install the payroll tax update for 2009

Note Do not install the payroll tax update for 2009 until the year-end file has been created for 2008.

To install the payroll tax update for 2009, follow these steps:

1. In Microsoft Dynamics GP 10.0, point to **Maintenance** on the **Microsoft Dynamics GP** menu, point to **U.S. Payroll Updates**, and then click **Check for Tax Updates**. In Microsoft Dynamics GP 9.0, point to **Products and Services** on the **Help** menu, and then click **Check for Payroll Tax Updates**.
2. In the **Tax Update Method** window, click **Automatic**, and then click **Next**.
3. In the **Authorization Number** field, type your authorization number, and then click **Log in**.
4. Click **Finish**.

Year-End update For US Payroll

INTRODUCTION

The 2008 year-end update for US Payroll in Microsoft Dynamics GP is available. This update contains previous fixes. This update also provides year-end compliance changes for US Payroll.

Update Information

The 2008 year-end update contains the following changes:

- Changes to 1099-R distribution codes
- Changes to country codes
- Changes to the W-2 Electronic Filing format (Magnetic Media)
- The ability to print W-2 forms by using the information that appears only in box 14